

PLATO STESCI Workshop III



Correction of surface effects for PLATO

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with the contributions of

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Context

- **WP 126** Mode physics

- WP126100 Mode amplitudes and surface effects (*R. Samadi*)

Models for mode amplitudes, models for near surface effects

1) How to take into account surface effects in stellar analysis pipeline to avoid biases on R, M & Age determinations?

2) How to improve our models?
cf. all previous talks!

WP126 
Mode physics
J. Ballot

WP126 100 
Mode amplitudes
and surface effects
R. Samadi

WP126 200 
Mode line-width
M. A. Dupret

WP126 300 
Relation
intensity-velocity
G. Houdek

WP126 400 
Seismology of
magnetic activity
L. Gizon

Impacts of near-surface effects

- **Origins: bad modelling of superficial layers**

- 1-D models vs dynamical processes

- **Structure effects**

- *Impact of turbulent pressure p_t*

- Convective back-warming

3D atmosphere models

- *Effect of magnetic field*

- **Mode computations**

- *p_t fluctuations*

Time-dependent convection (TDC)

- Non adiabatic effects

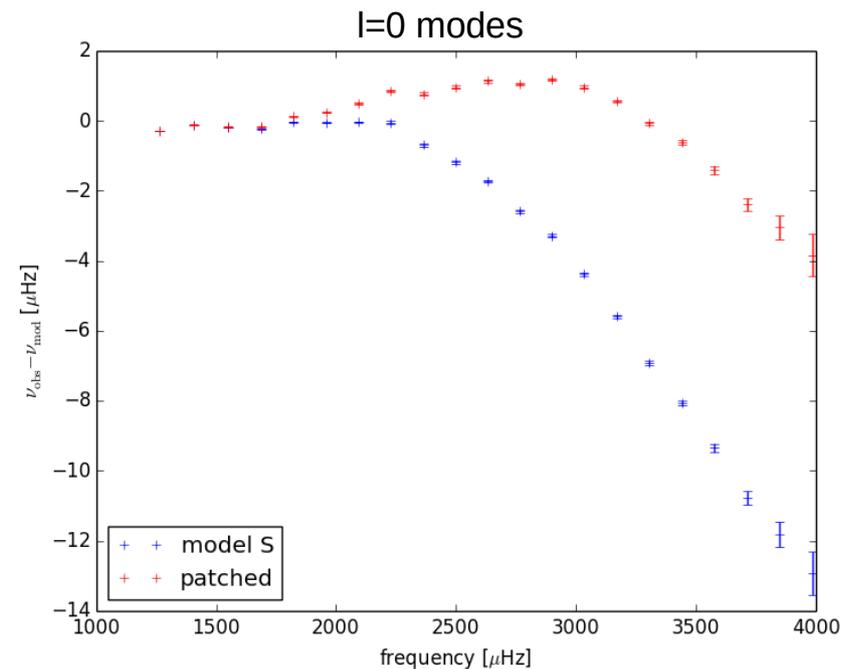
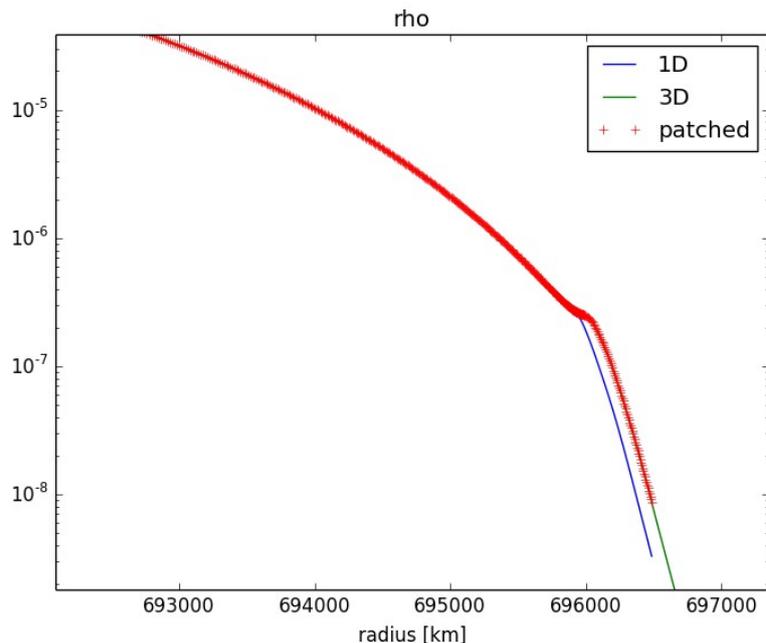
- *Effect of magnetic field*

Model

Modal

Patched models (cf Andreas' talk)

- 1D internal structure + profiles from 3D simulations
[Stein & Nordlund 1991; Rosenthal+ 1995, 1999; Yang & Li 2007; Piau+ 2014; Bhattacharya+ 2015; Sono+ 2015, 2017; Magic & Weiss 2016; Ball+ 2016; Houdek+ 2017; Trampedach+ 2017; Jørgensen+ 2017]
- Example :
model S + ANTARES 3D solar simulations + TOP code

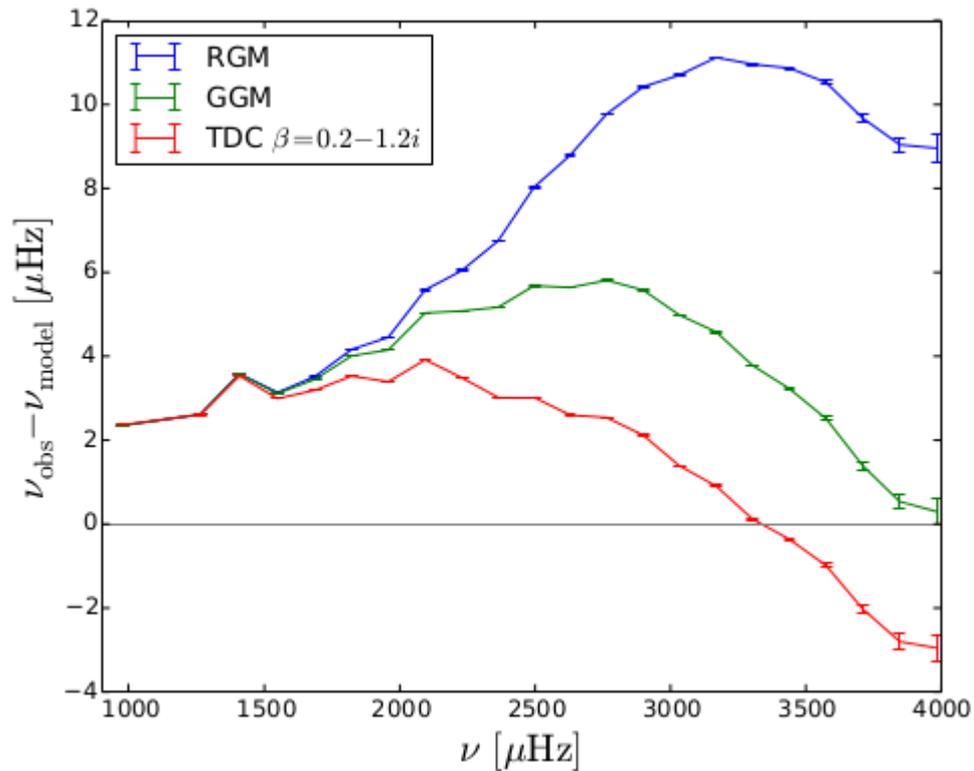


What prescription for p_t fluctuations?

- **Gas Γ_1 model:** $\delta p_t/p_t \approx \delta p/p \approx \delta p_g/p_g = \Gamma_1 \delta \rho/\rho$ (GGM)
- **Reduced Γ_1 model:** $\delta p_t/p_t \approx 0 \rightarrow \delta p/p \approx (\Gamma_1 p_g/p) \delta \rho/\rho$ (RGM)
 - GGM appears to better [Rosenthal+ 1999]
 - No clear physical grounds for this
- **Time-dependent Convection**
 - Sonoï+ 2017 [adia, TDC after Grigachène+ 2005, Dupret+ 2006]
 - Houdek+ 2017 [non-adia, TDC after Gough 1977]

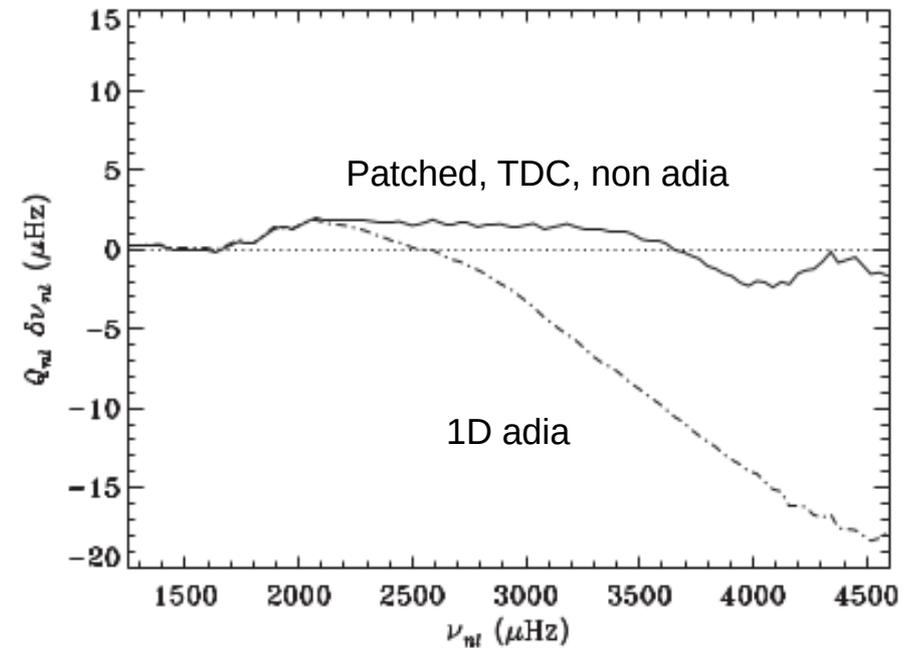
TDC results (cf. Günter's talk)

Sonoi+ 2017



GGM also in better agreement with theory

Houdek+ 2017



Ad-hoc prescriptions

- **Solar case:**
 - *no need of prescriptions: M & R are very well known*
- **Other stars:** ad-hoc corrections $\delta v = v_{\text{cor}} - v_{\text{mod}}$
 - K08 [Kjeldsen+ 2008]: $\delta v = a (v/v_0)^b$
(!! several implementations !! b fixed or not, rescaling factor r)
 - BG14 [Ball & Gizon 2014] $\delta v = a_3(v/v_0)^3 / | \ [+ a_{-1}(v/v_0)^{-1} / |]$
 - S15 [Sonoi+ 2015] $\delta v = a(1 - 1 / (1 + (v/v_0)^b))$
(deduced from patched models)
 - Extra parameters to adjust
- Taken into account mode inertia relative to radial mode
 $Q_{nl} = I_{nl} / I_{l=0}(v_{nl})$

What to do for PLATO?

- Improve our models?
- **Use ad-hoc corrections**
 - At least for the first pipeline
- Which prescription to use?
 - According to Ball+ 2017, K08 is the worst
 - BG14 is the most used in recent literature

Hare & Hound exercise to test NSE correction methods

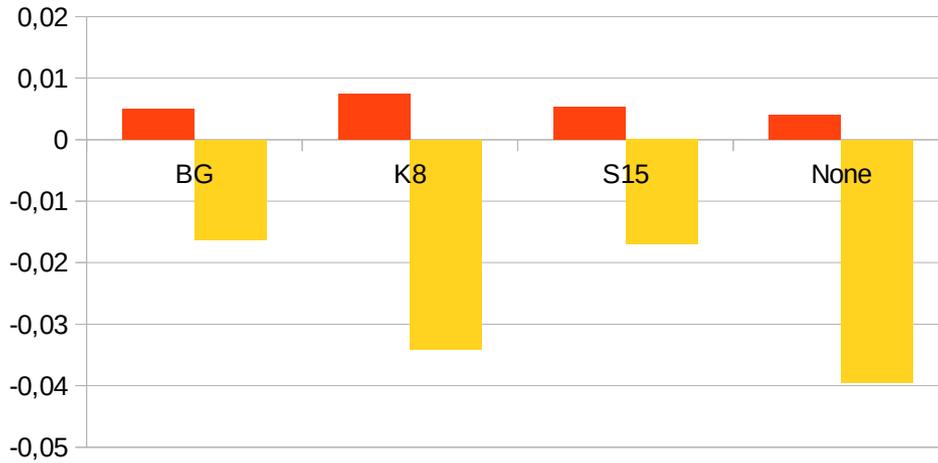
- PRELIMINARY – still in progress
- Tests on unpatched & patched models from Manchon+18
 - 3D models build with CO5BOLD
 - Frequencies computed with ADIPLS code, p_t with GGM
- Model #2:
 - $T_{\text{eff}} = 5776 \text{ K}$
 - $\log g = 4.44$
 - Solar abundance, mixture close to Asplund+05

H&H: Hounds

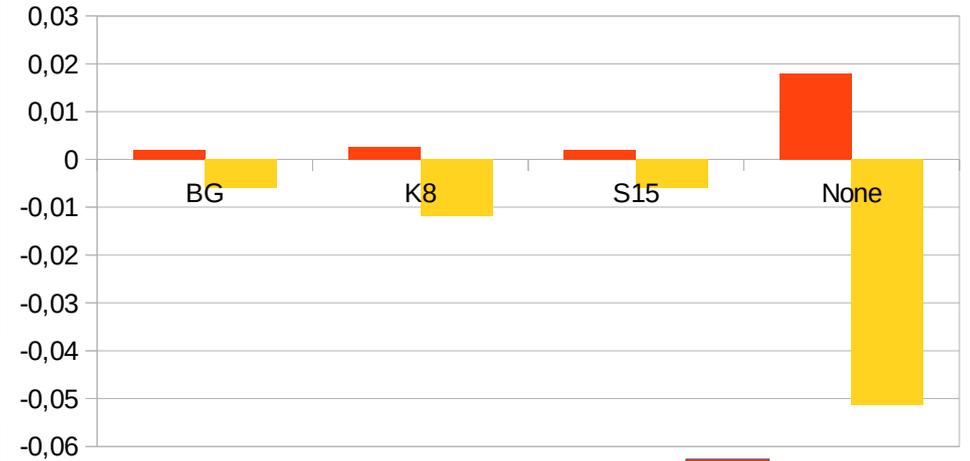
- 2 approaches:
 - Global optimization with AIMS using a MESA grid (cf. HH Exercises for Ian's talk)
 - Local optimization using Y. Lebreton's code (Levenberg-Marquart + CESTAM + LOSC or GYRE)
- “Standard” errors for fundamental parameters:
 - $T_{\text{eff}} \rightarrow 100 \text{ K}$
 - $\log g \rightarrow 0.15$
 - $[\text{Fe}/\text{H}] \rightarrow 0.1 \text{ dex}$
- Random noise on frequency $\rightarrow 0.1 \mu\text{Hz}$

AIMS, unpatched model

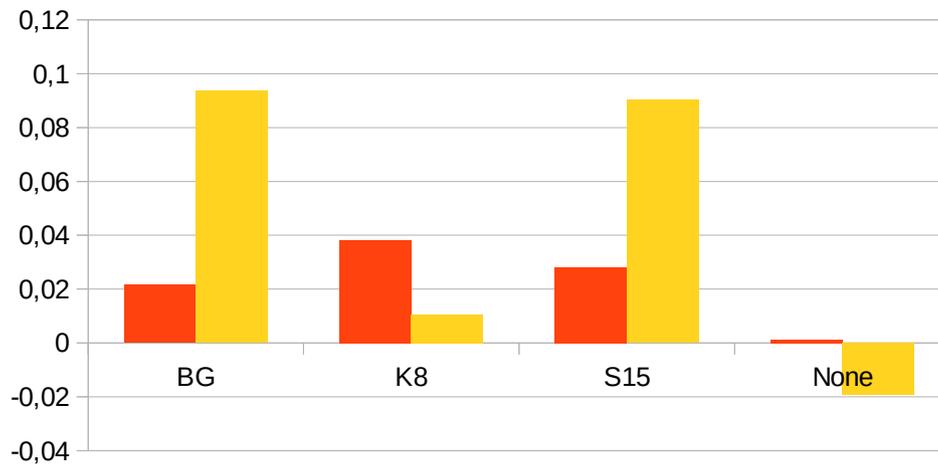
Mass



Radius



Luminosity

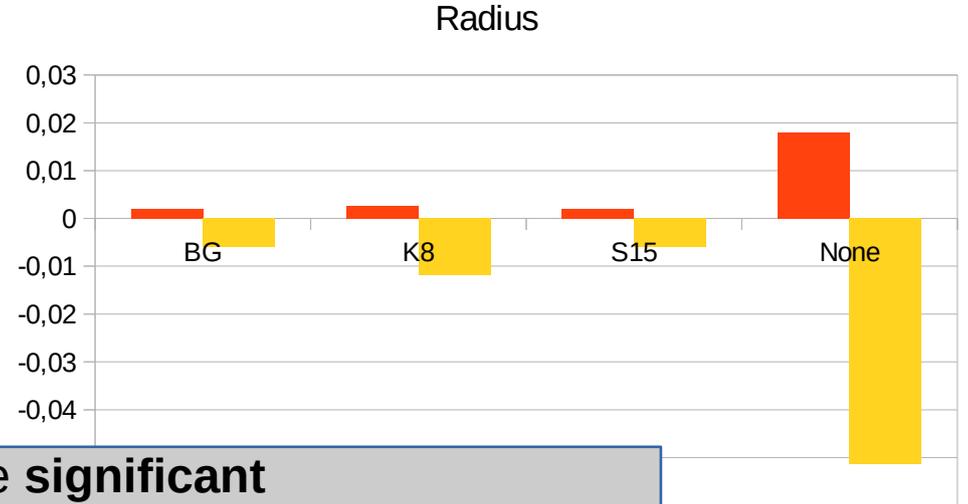
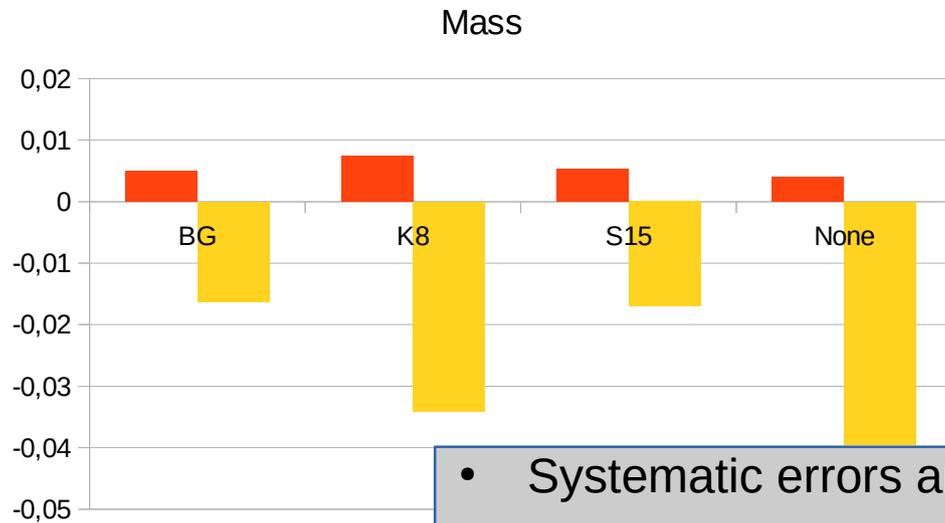


Age



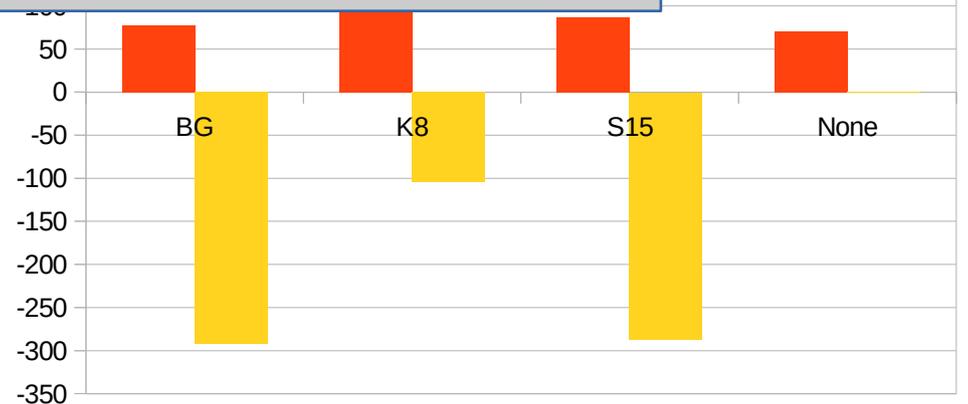
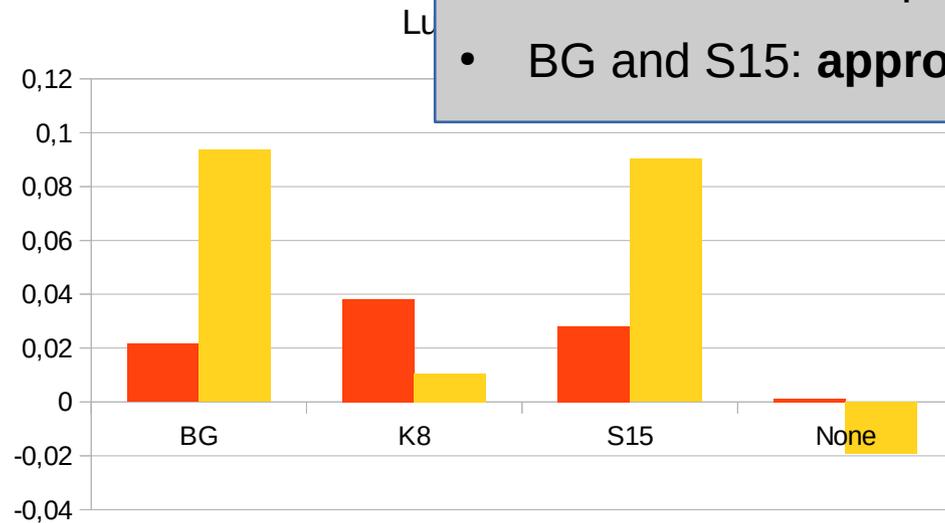
Random
System.

AIMS, unpatched model

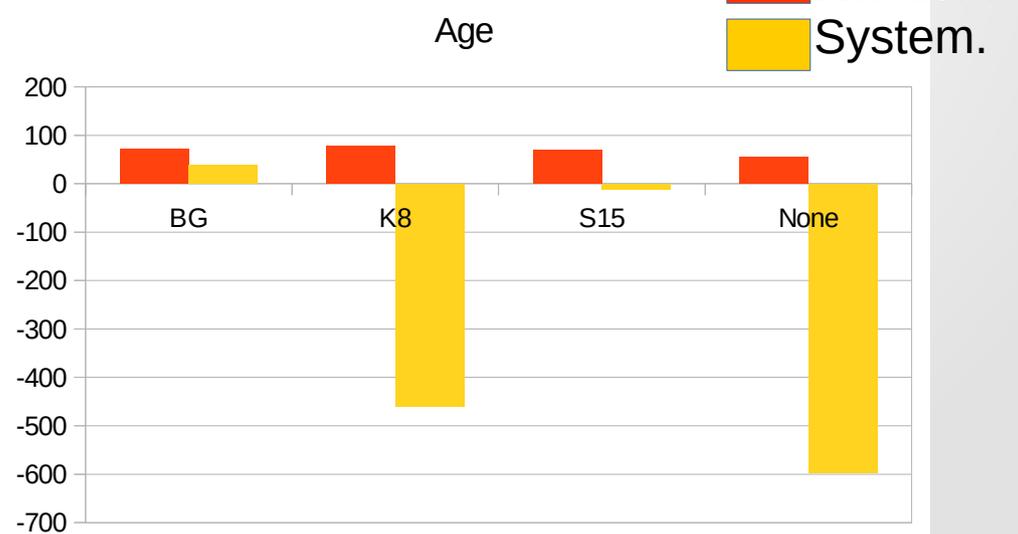
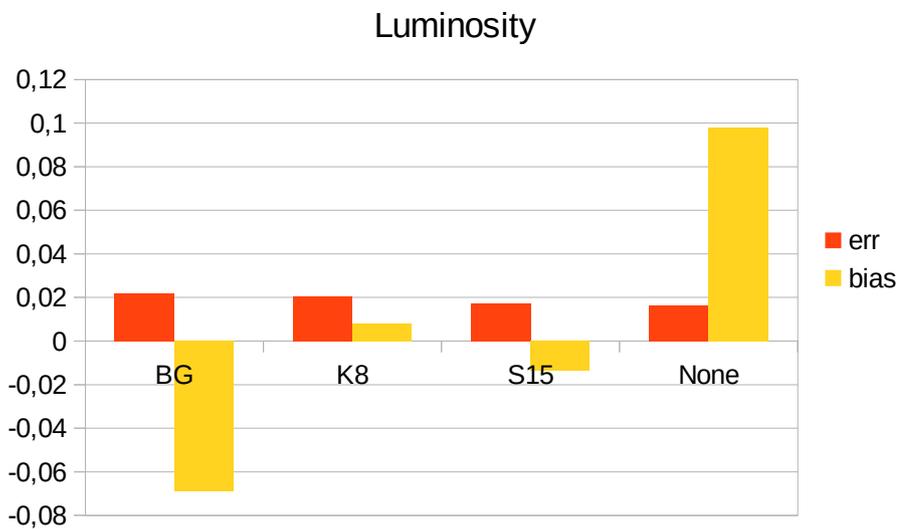
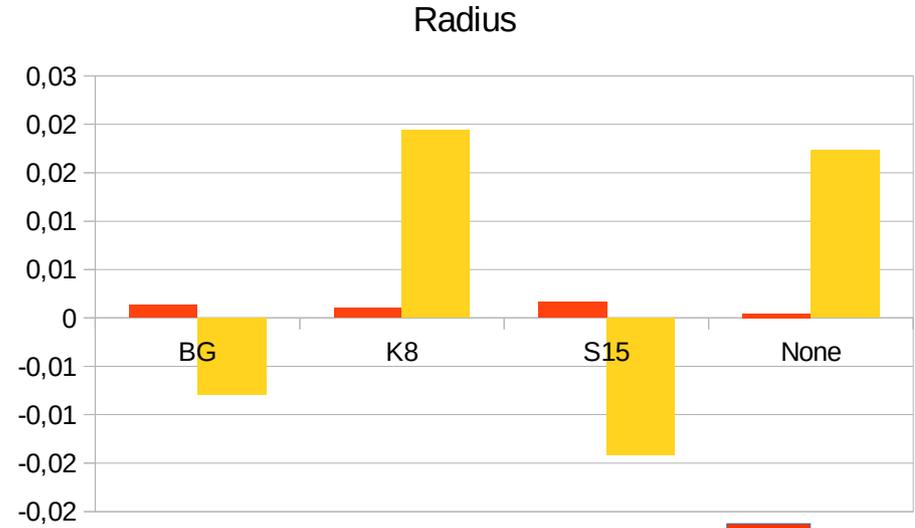
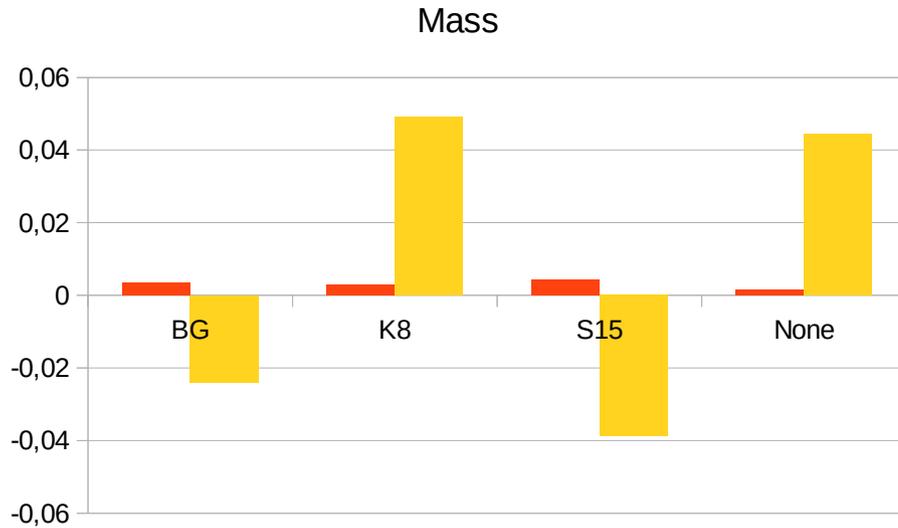


- Systematic errors are **significant**
 - Difference in physics
- BG and S15: **approx. same systematic errors**

Random
System.

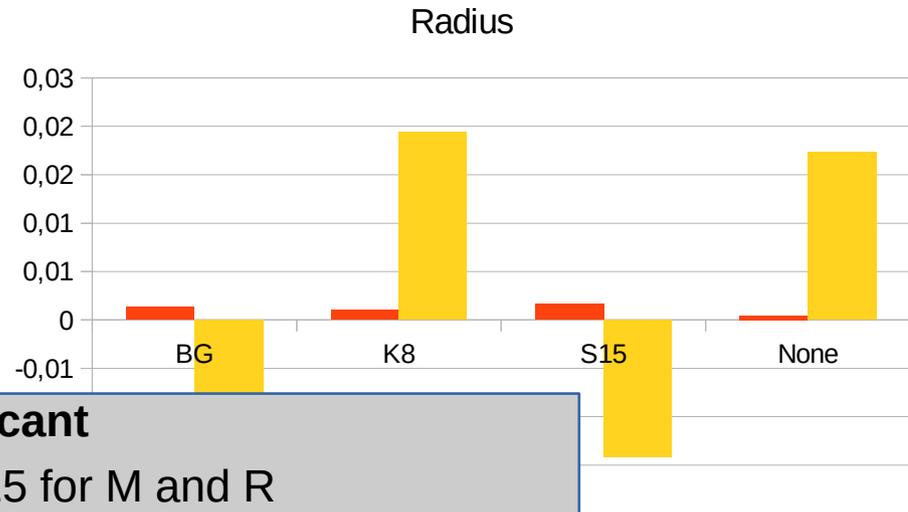
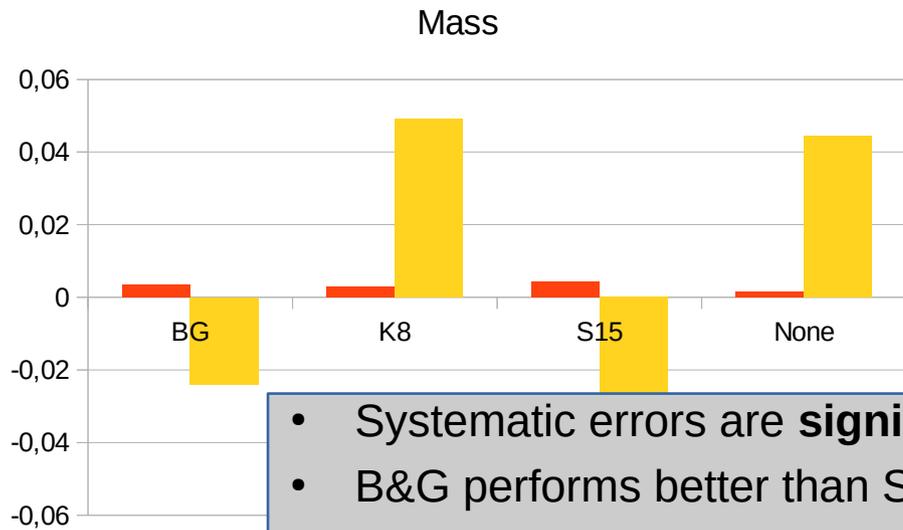


AIMS, patched model 11 orders



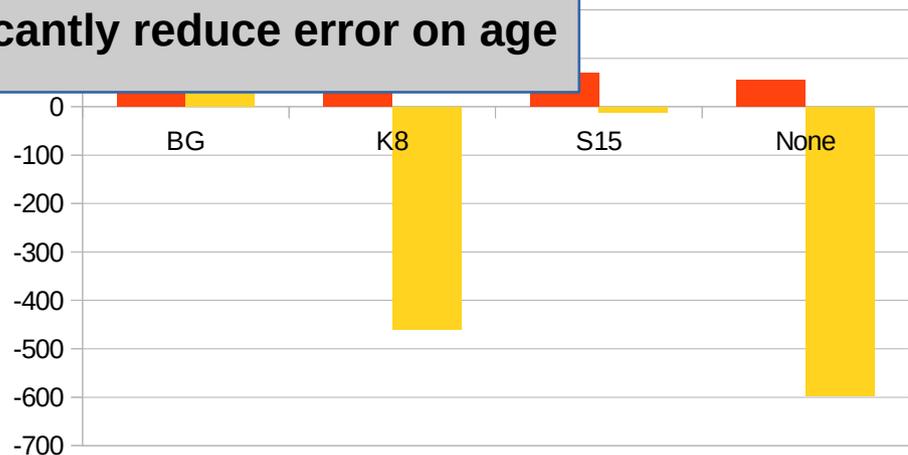
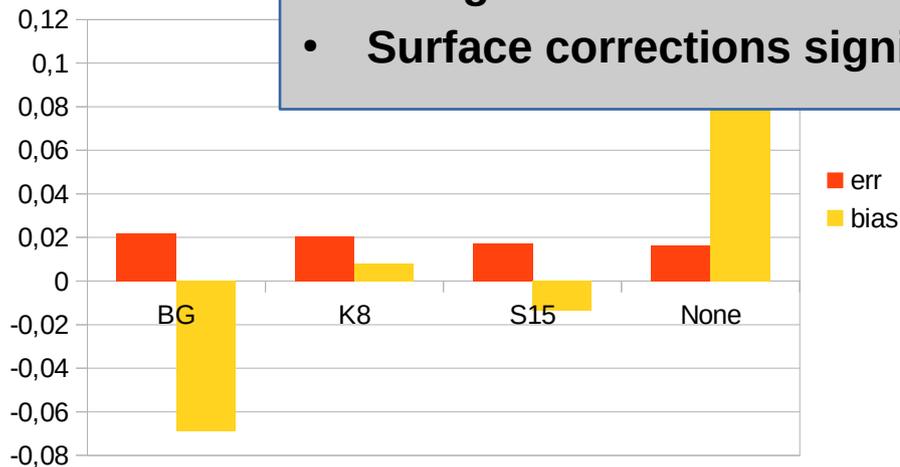
Random
System.

AIMS, patched model 11 orders



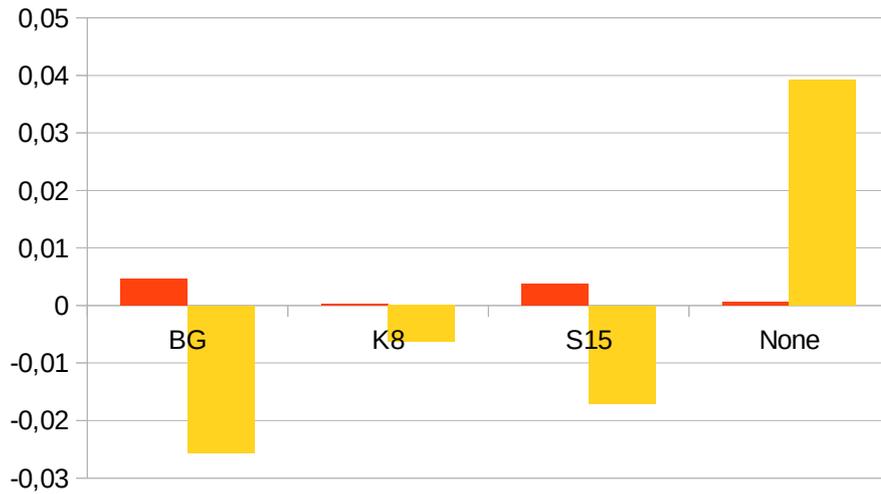
- Systematic errors are **significant**
- B&G performs better than S15 for M and R
- S15 performs better for L and age
- **K08 gives worse results** (after no correction)
- **Surface corrections significantly reduce error on age**

■ Random
■ System.



AIMS, patched model 15 orders

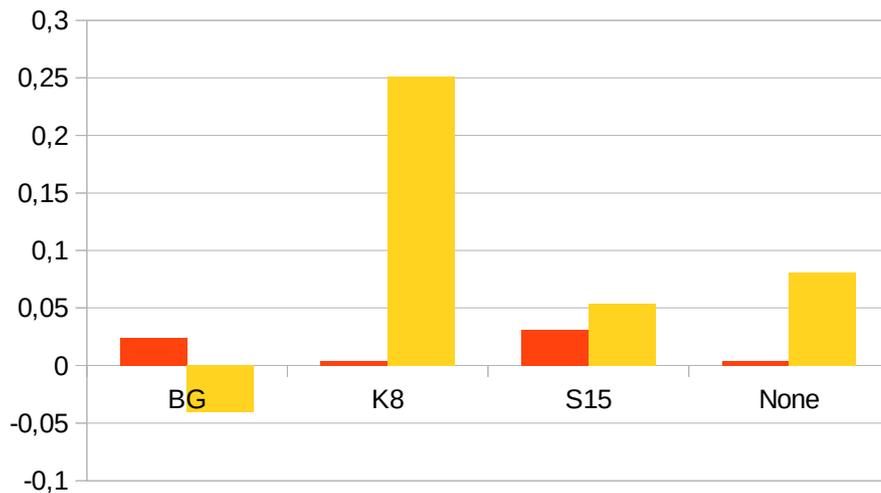
Mass



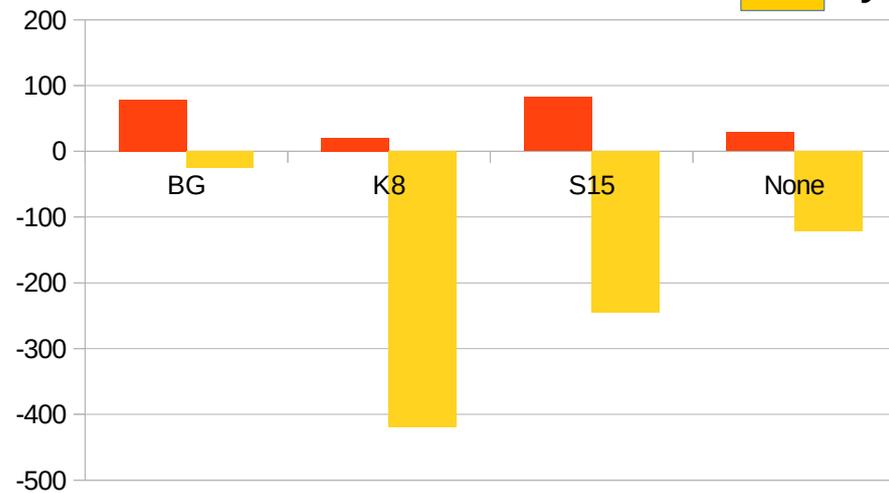
R



L



Age



Random
System.

AIMS, patched model 15 orders

Mass



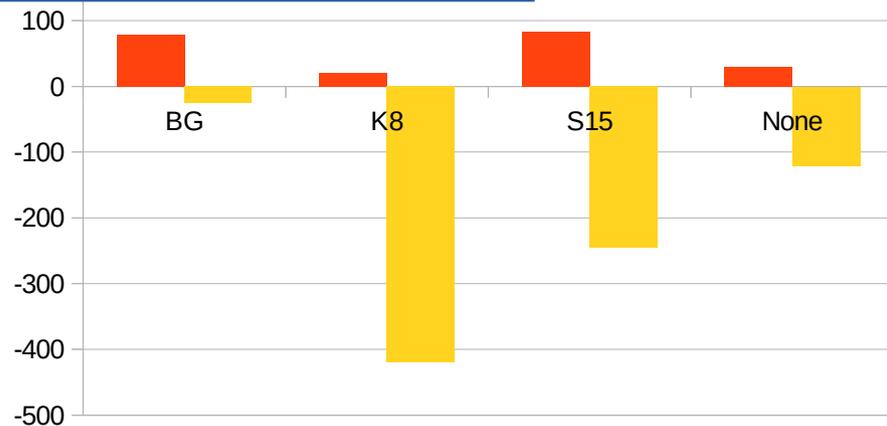
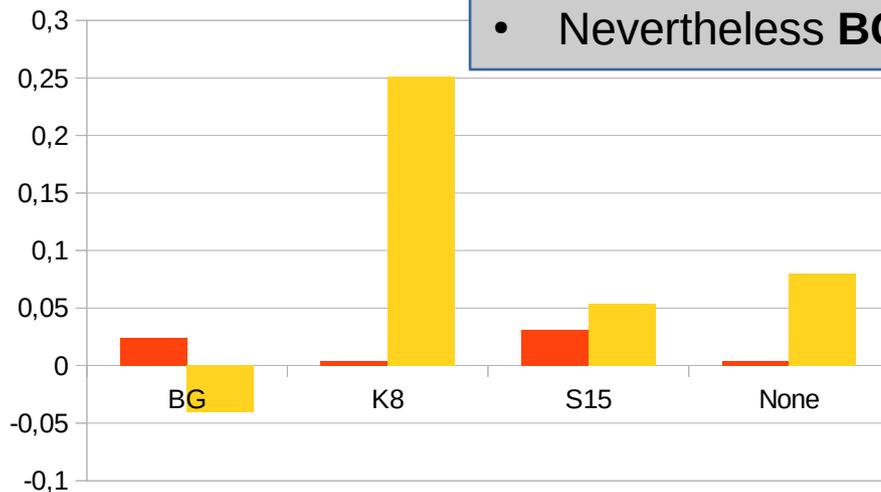
R



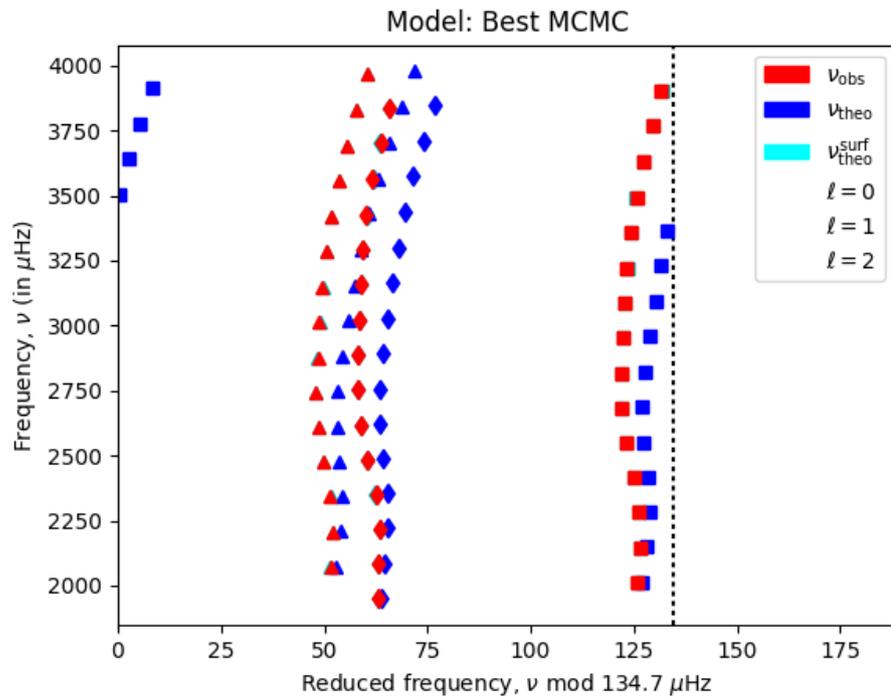
- Systematic errors are still **significant**
... **but** previous conclusions not that clear
- Nevertheless **BG** results look more stable

Random
System.

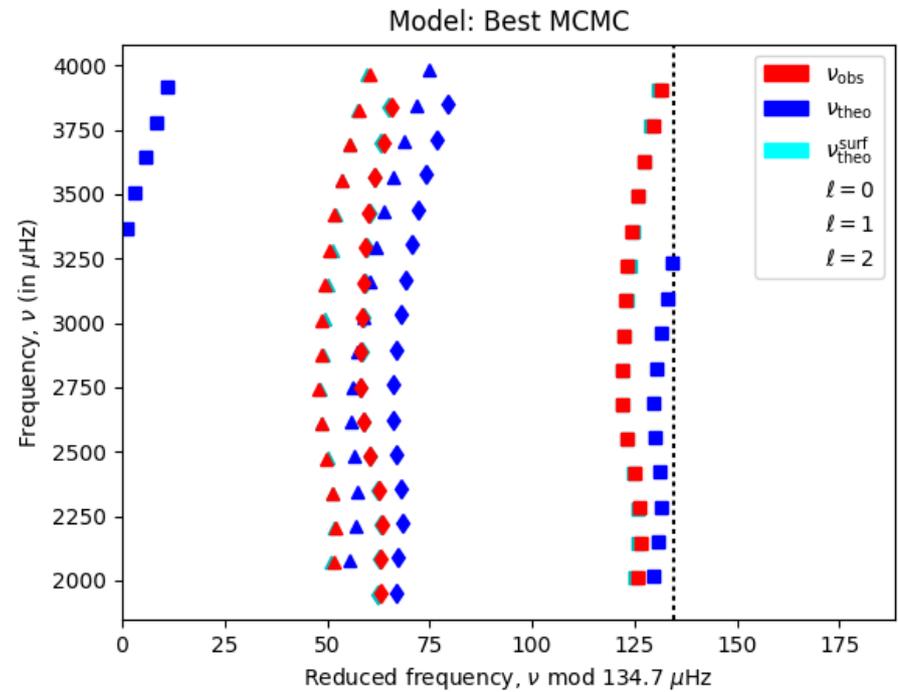
L



Echelle diagrams



BG14



K08

LM-CESTAM

Mass

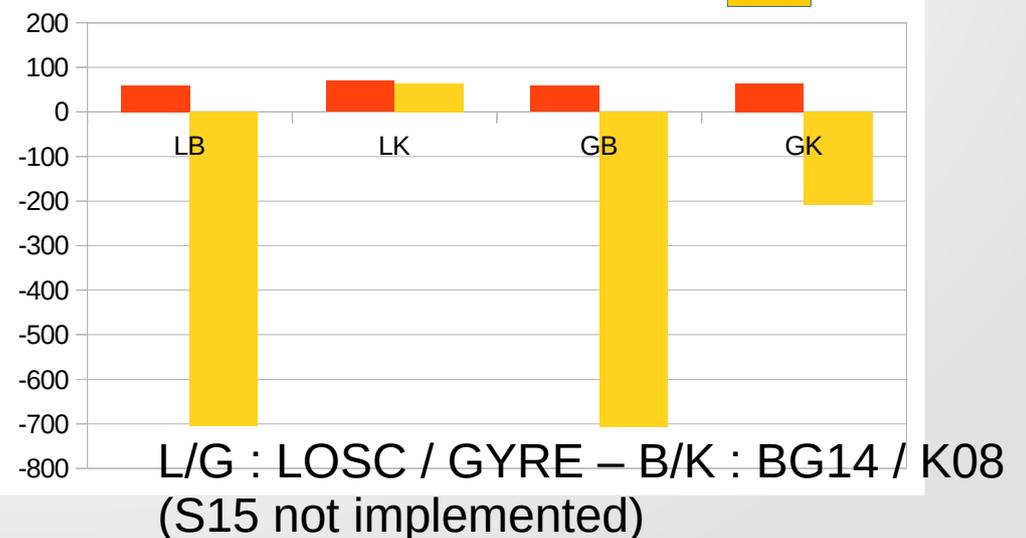


Radius

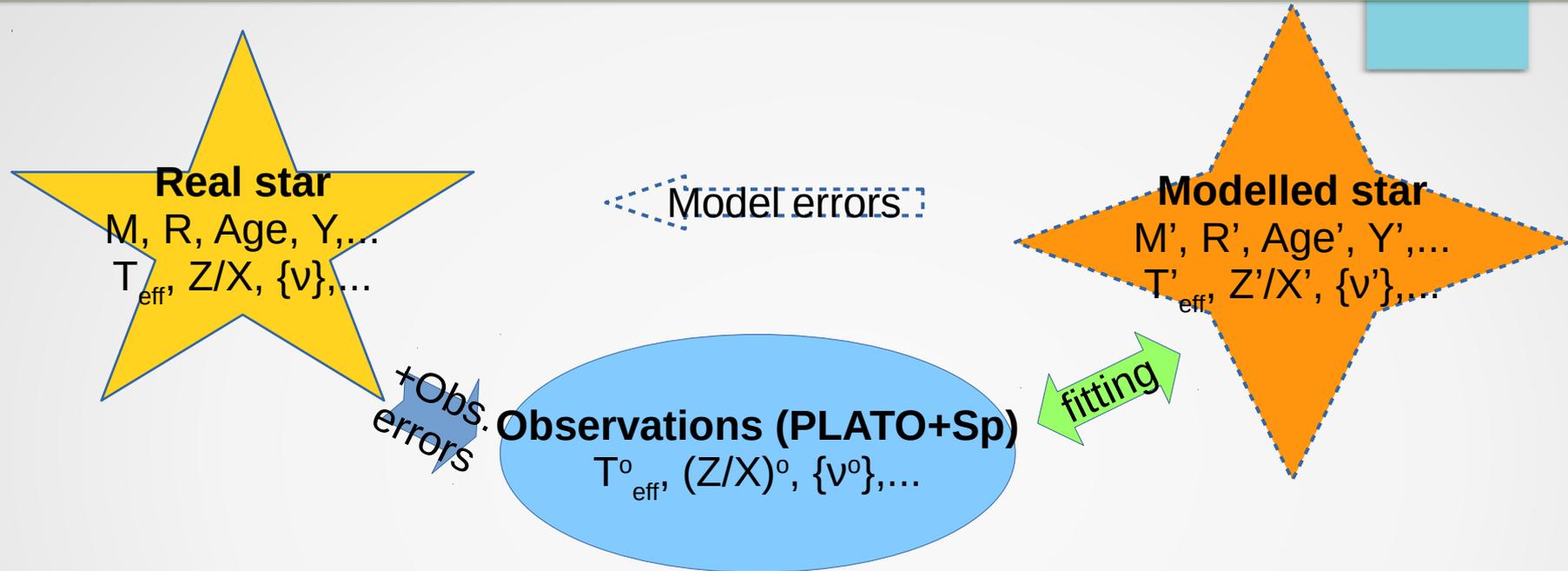


- Weak impact of the oscillation codes
- Better results with K08 → apparent contradiction to be understood
 - **Same stellar structure code & same physics (except MLT) as Hare**
 - totally free Y
 - Fitted parameters of NSE term are significantly different (compared to AIMS)

Age



About model fitting



- Model errors:
 - Lacking physics (at the surface or not)
 - wrong/inappropriate physics (at the surface or not)
 - NONE of the possible models reproduce ALL of the stellar properties observable (T_{eff} , Z/X, {v}) or not.

Model errors

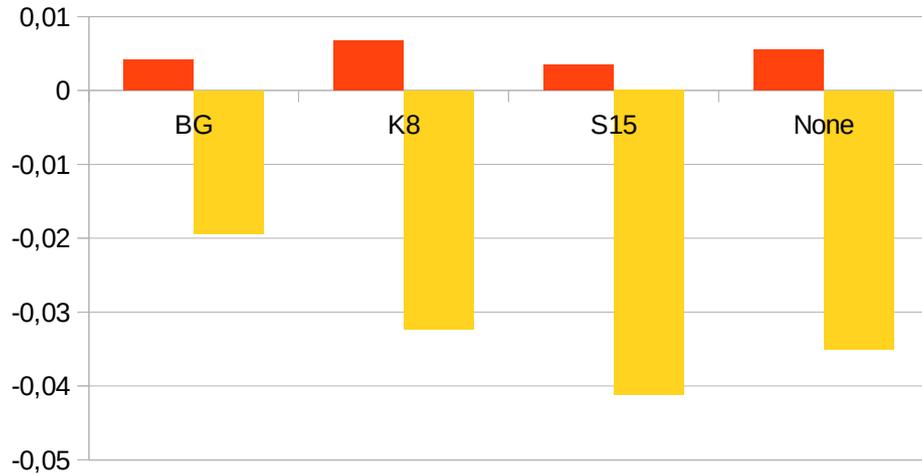
- For mode frequencies:
model errors dominate observations errors
 - Mainly due to surface effects
 - Role of internal physics?
- Solution proposed by other HH (see Ian's talk on Wednesday)
 - Artificial increase of obs. errors of ν by a factor of 4~5
 - improve the results (esp. error estimate)
 - BUT arbitrary, no control, no clue it is pertinent for all real stars
- Could we do better?
 - Improve the models? → in a few years, certainly
 - Model & estimate the model errors?
 - Hard to do on a case-to-case approach, global approach needed
 - Suggestions?

To conclude...

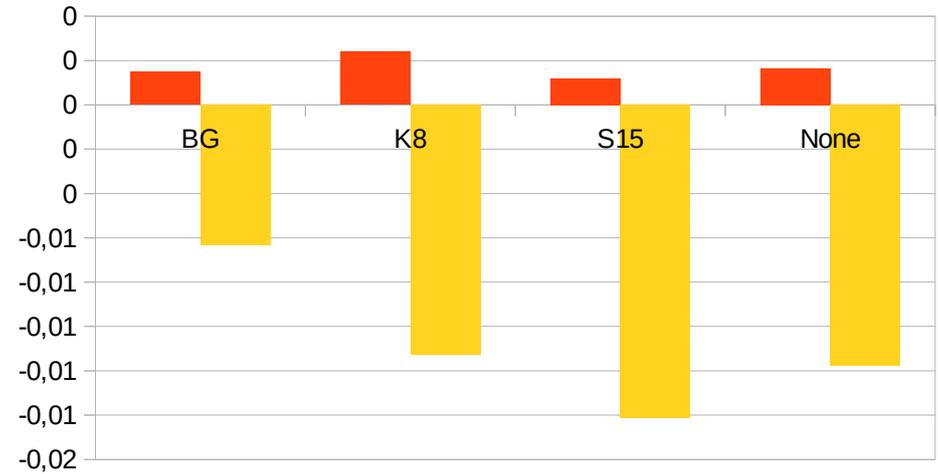
- More to do in coming months...
- At the current stage BG14 prescription is the favourite approach in recent literature
 - However, validity domain of prescription is unknown and hard to test
 - Need stars with external constraints on M , R ...
- Perfect separation between surface effects and other model errors is not always straightforward
 - Correlation between determinations of NSE parameters and other stellar parameters
- Model errors dominate observation errors for frequencies
 - How to correctly include model errors?

AIMS, unpatched model, 15 orders

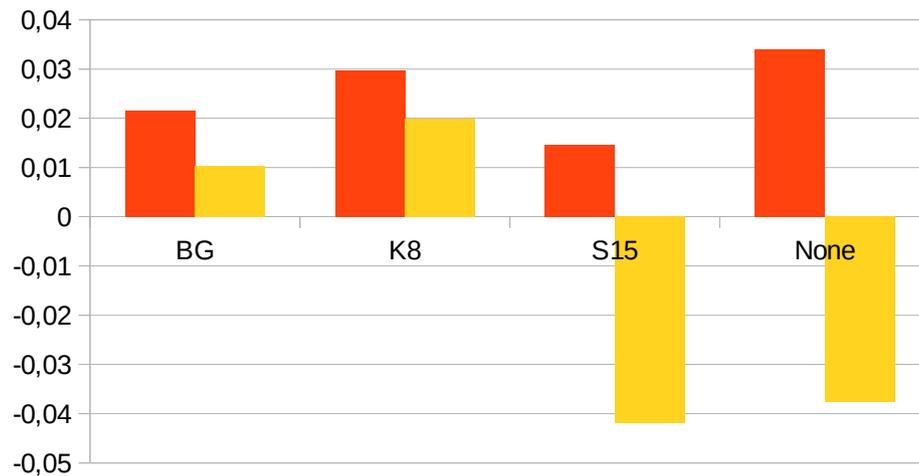
Mass



Radius



Luminosity



Age

